



Name: _____

Section: _____

Date: _____

Teacher: _____

FORMATION OF ADVERBS

Adverbs modify the meaning or tell more about verbs/adjectives/other adverbs they are called adverbs because they add something to the meaning of action or express specific details of the words they modify many adverbs end in -ly. They usually reveal how/when/where an action takes place.

Example: 1) The old man walked the road quickly.

2) Ben left the school early.

3) Some girls played here.

4) Emma is quite happy at home.

5) He drove his bike very slowly.

Most of the adjectives are formed by the addition of -ly to adjectives/nouns/ others. Examine the example and try to form adverbs for the following words and write the adverbs on the line given.

WORD

ADVERBS

Sad

Sadly

WORD

ADVERBS

Late

Proud

Loud

Bad

Slow

Kind

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WORD

ADVERBS

Faithful

Cold Bold

Rapid

Free

Slow

Foolish

Neat

Cool

Meek

Quick

Obedient

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WORD

ADVERBS

Dangerous

Brilliant

Month

Week

Beautiful

Surprising

Glad

Careful

Graceful

Courageous

Bright

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WORD

ADVERBS

Narrow

Graceful

Sure

Severe

Extreme

Hard

Near

Late

Direct

High

Clear

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Look at the example word given. Note the way the adverbs formed and try a similar way to write adverbs for each word.

WORD

ADVERBS

Ready

Readily



WORD

ADVERBS

Lucky

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Heavy

Happy

Easy

Lazy

Busy



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WORD

ADVERBS

True

Truly



WORD

ADVERBS

Able

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Single

Double

e

Triple

Whole

Gentle

e
